

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_

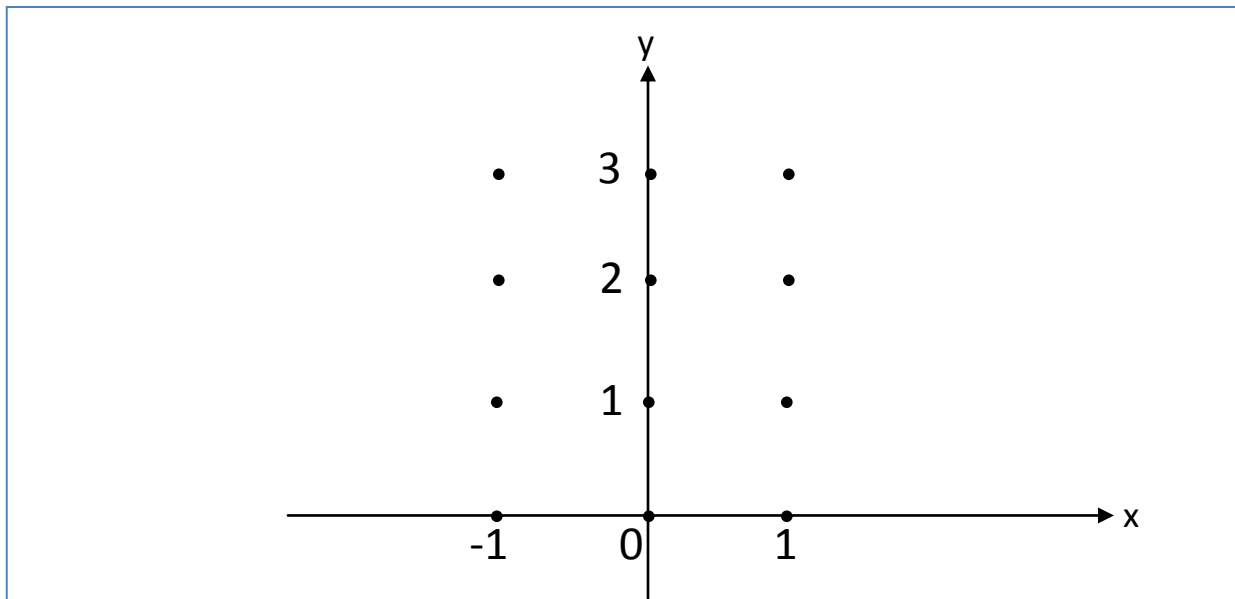
Date: \_\_\_\_\_

## Differential Equations: Unit test (Version A)

### Question 1 (30 pts) (Based on AP-2004)

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2(y - 1)$  .

- (a) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the twelve points indicated.



- (b) While the slope field in part (a) is drawn at only dozen points, it is defined at every point in the  $xy$ -plane. Describe all points in the  $xy$ -plane for which the slopes are non-negative.

- (c) Find the particular solution  $y=f(x)$  to the given differential equation with the initial condition  $f(0)=3$ .

## Question 2 (30 pts)

A cylinder of base area  $A = 5 \text{ in}^2$  is filled from the top by a hose at a rate of  $0.5 \left(\frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{minute}}\right)$ . At the same time, it is leaking through a hole at the bottom at a rate of  $Ay \left(\frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{minute}}\right)$ , where  $y$  is the level of water in the cylinder. Denote as  $V$  the volume of water in the cylinder.

(a) Draw a picture describing the problem.

(b) We can express the volume of the cylinder as  $V = Ay$ . Prove that:  $A \frac{dy}{dt} = 0.5 - Ay$

(c) Find the general solution for the equation in (b). (**← EVEN if you didn't solve previous parts, start from here!!**)

(d) Find a particular solution for which at time  $t=0$ , the water are  $1 \text{ in}$  high.

(e) What would be the level of the water as  $\rightarrow \infty$ ?

Following are 4 'shorter' questions (40 pts overall)

### Question 3 (10 pts)

4.1  $4y'' + 5 = 3x$  is a differential equation of order:

- (a) 4      (b) 3      (c) 2      (d) 1

Explain: \_\_\_\_\_

4.2  $4y'' + 5 = 3x^2$  is a non linear differential equation in  $y$ :

- (a) True      (b) False

Explain: \_\_\_\_\_

4.3 The differential equation  $y' = x + y$  can be solved by using Separation of Variables method:

- (a) True      (b) False

Explain: \_\_\_\_\_

### Question 4 (10 pts)

Given the equation :  $y' = 2^2 + y^2$  , the general solution is **(Show your work!)**:

a)  $y = \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) + C$

b)  $y = \frac{1}{2} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{2} + C\right)$

c)  $y = 2 \tan(2x) + C$

d)  $y = 2 \tan(2x + C)$

e) None of the above.

Recall:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \arctan(u) = \frac{u'}{1+u^2}$$

### Question 5 (10 pts)

(a) Given the differential equation  $y' = 3x^2 + 2x - 5$ , find the tangent line to the particular solution that passes through the point (2, 3).

Circle the right answer and explain (briefly):

(b) Let  $y_1' = Q(x)$  and  $y_2' = P(x)$ , and assume all functions are defined for all real  $x$ . Also, assume  $Q(x) > P(x)$ . Is it true that for all real  $x$ , all particular solutions satisfy  $y_1(x) > y_2(x)$ ?

True    False

Explain: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Question 6 (10 pts) (Based on AP Question)

If  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \sec^2 x$ , and  $y=5$  when  $x=0$ , then  $y =$  (Show your work!)

- (a)  $e^{\tan(x)} + 4$
- (b)  $e^{\tan(x)} + 5$
- (c)  $5e^{\tan(x)}$
- (d)  $\tan(x) + 5$
- (e)  $\tan(x) + 5e^x$

Recall:

$$\int \sec^2(u) du = \tan(u) + C$$

-----===End=====

### Reflections: (Priceless):

The test was: Very-Easy    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Very-Hard .

I think I got (0 to 100) : \_\_\_\_\_

How well was I prepared to the test: Not-prepared    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Very-well prepared

If I need to prepare again, I would (do differently): \_\_\_\_\_

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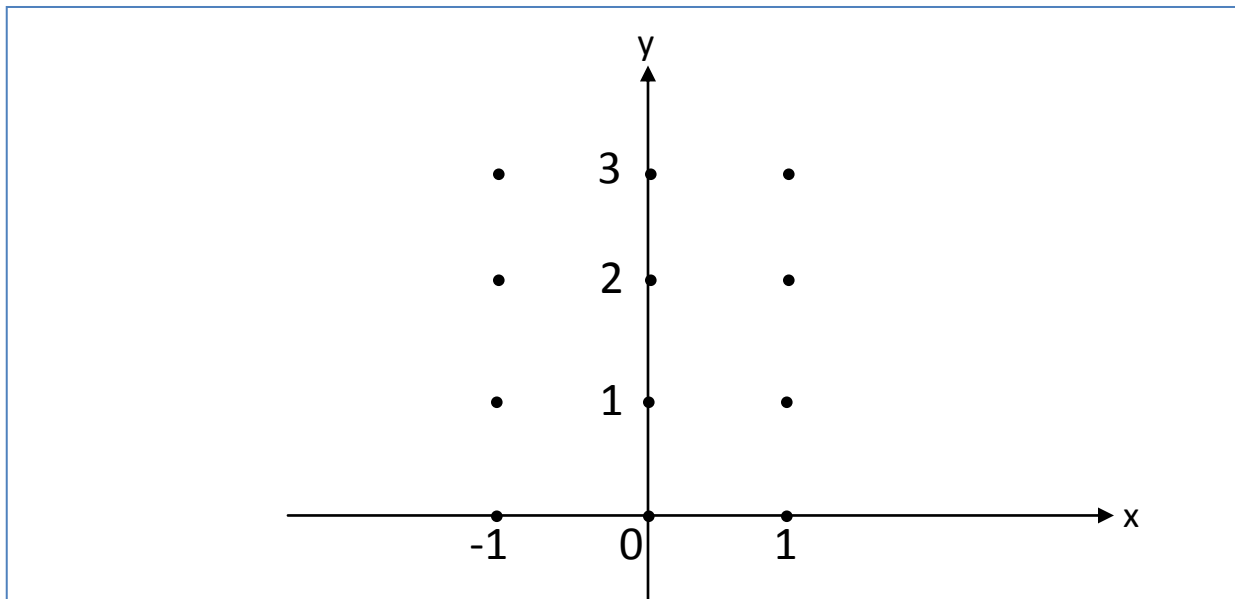
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## Differential Equations: Unit test (Version B)

### Question 1 (30 pts) (Based on AP-2004)

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = x^2(y - 1)$  .

- (a) On the axes provided, sketch a slope field for the given differential equation at the twelve points indicated.



- (b) While the slope field in part (a) is drawn at only dozen points, it is defined at every point in the  $xy$ -plane. Describe all points in the  $xy$ -plane for which the slopes are negative.

- (c) Find the particular solution  $y=f(x)$  to the given differential equation with the initial condition  $f(0)=4$ .

## Question 2 (30 pts)

A cylinder of base area  $A = 4 \text{ in}^2$  is filled from the top by a hose at a rate of  $0.4 \left(\frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{minute}}\right)$ . At the same time, it is leaking through a hole at the bottom at a rate of  $Ay \left(\frac{\text{in}^3}{\text{minute}}\right)$ , where  $y$  is the level of water in the cylinder. Denote as  $V$  the volume of water in the cylinder.

(a) Draw a picture describing the problem.

(b) We can express the volume of the cylinder as  $V = Ay$ . Prove that:  $A \frac{dy}{dt} = 0.4 - Ay$

(c) Find the general solution for the equation in (b). (**← EVEN if you didn't solve previous parts, start from here!!**)

(d) Find a particular solution for which at time  $t=0$ , the water are  $1 \text{ in}$  high.

(e) What would be the level of the water as  $\rightarrow \infty$ ?

**Following are 4 'shorter' questions (40 pts overall)**

### Question 3 (10 pts)

4.1  $4y'' + 5 = 3x$  is a differential equation of order:

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Explain: \_\_\_\_\_

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- (a) True      (b) False

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Given the equation :  $y' = 3^2 + y^2$  , the general solution is **(Show your work!)**:

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b)  $y = \frac{1}{3} \arctan\left(\frac{x}{3} + C\right)$

c)  $y = 3 \tan(3x) + C$

d)  $y = 3 \tan(3x + C)$

e) None of the above.

Recall:

$$\frac{d}{dx} \arctan(u) = \frac{u'}{1+u^2}$$

### Question 5 (10 pts)

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(b) Let  $y_1' = Q(x)$  and  $y_2' = P(x)$ , and assume all functions are defined for all real  $x$ . Also, assume  $Q(x) > P(x)$ . Is it true that for all real  $x$ , all particular solutions satisfy  $y_1(x) > y_2(x)$ ?

True    False

Explain: \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

### Question 6 (10 pts) (Based on AP Question)

If  $\frac{dy}{dx} = y \sec^2 x$ , and  $y=4$  when  $x=0$ , then  $y =$  (Show your work!)

(a)  $e^{\tan(x)} + 4$

(b)  $e^{\tan(x)} + 5$

(c)  $4e^{\tan(x)}$

(d)  $\tan(x) + 4$

(e)  $\tan(x) + 4e^x$

Recall:  
$$\int \sec^2(u) du = \tan(u) + C$$

-----===End===-----

### Reflections: (Priceless):

The test was: Very-Easy    1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Very-Hard .

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